

Lesson 7-7b

Objective - To graph linear equations using the slope and y-intercept.
Complete the table and graph.

x	$y = \frac{2}{3}x - 1$
-6	$\frac{2}{3}(-6) - 1 = -5$
-3	$\frac{2}{3}(-3) - 1 = -3$
0	$\frac{2}{3}(0) - 1 = -1$
3	$\frac{2}{3}(3) - 1 = 1$
6	$\frac{2}{3}(6) - 1 = 3$

Slope-Intercept Form
 $y = mx + b$

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Identify the slope and y-intercept in each equation.

1) $y = 3x + 5$ $m = 3$ $b = 5$	4) $y = -x + 3$ $m = -1$ $b = 3$
2) $y = \frac{4}{5}x - 1$ $m = \frac{4}{5}$ $b = -1$	5) $y = 4$ $y = 0 \bullet x + 4$ $m = 0$ $b = 4$
3) $y = -7x$ $m = -7$ $b = 0$	6) $y = \frac{2}{5}x - \frac{1}{4}$ $m = \frac{2}{5}$ $b = -\frac{1}{4}$

Slope-Intercept Form
 $y = mx + b$

Use the slope and y-intercept to write a linear equation in slope-intercept form.

1) $m = -2$ $b = 6$ $y = -2x + 6$	4) $m = \frac{1}{8}$ $b = 0$ $y = \frac{1}{8}x$
2) $m = \frac{3}{7}$ $b = 1$ $y = \frac{3}{7}x + 1$	5) $m = 1$ $b = 6$ $y = x + 6$
3) $m = 0$ $b = -5$ $y = -5$	6) $m = -\frac{1}{2}$ $b = 10$ $y = -\frac{1}{2}x + 10$

Graph the equation below using the slope and y-intercept.

$y = \frac{3}{5}x - 2$

$m = \frac{3}{5} = \frac{-3}{-5}$

$b = -2$

Graph the equation below using the slope and y-intercept.

$y = 2x + 3$

$m = 2 = \frac{2}{1} = \frac{-2}{-1}$

$b = 3$

Identify the slope and y-intercept in each equation.

1) $x + 3y = 7$ $-x \quad -x$ $\frac{3y = -x + 7}{3} \quad \frac{-x + 7}{3}$ $y = \frac{-x}{3} + \frac{7}{3}$ $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 2\frac{1}{3}$ $m = -\frac{1}{3}$ $b = 2\frac{1}{3}$	2) $2x - y = 9$ $-2x \quad -2x$ $\frac{-y = -2x + 9}{-1} \quad \frac{-2x + 9}{-1}$ $y = \frac{-2x}{-1} + \frac{9}{-1}$ $y = 2x - 9$ $m = 2$ $b = -9$
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Lesson 7-7b (cont.)

Identify the slope and y-intercept in each equation.

$$3) \quad \begin{array}{r} 3x + 4y = 8 \\ -3x \quad -3x \\ \hline 4y = -3x + 8 \\ \frac{4y}{4} = \frac{-3x + 8}{4} \\ y = \frac{-3x}{4} + \frac{8}{4} \\ y = -\frac{3}{4}x + 2 \end{array}$$

$$m = -\frac{3}{4} \quad b = 2$$

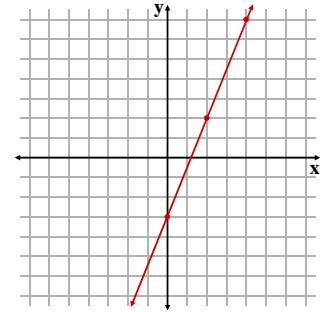
$$4) \quad \begin{array}{r} -x + 5y = 10 \\ +x \quad +x \\ \hline 5y = x + 10 \\ \frac{5y}{5} = \frac{x + 10}{5} \\ y = \frac{x}{5} + \frac{10}{5} \\ y = \frac{1}{5}x + 2 \end{array}$$

$$m = \frac{1}{5} \quad b = 2$$

Graph the equation using slope and y-intercept.

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x - 2y = 6 \\ -5x \quad -5x \\ \hline -2y = -5x + 6 \\ \frac{-2y}{-2} = \frac{-5x + 6}{-2} \\ y = \frac{-5x}{-2} + \frac{6}{-2} \\ y = \frac{5}{2}x - 3 \end{array}$$

$$m = \frac{5}{2} \quad b = -3$$



Graph the equation using slope and y-intercept.

$$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 3y = 9 \\ -4x \quad -4x \\ \hline 3y = -4x + 9 \\ \frac{3y}{3} = \frac{-4x + 9}{3} \\ y = \frac{-4x}{3} + \frac{9}{3} \\ y = \frac{-4}{3}x + 3 \end{array}$$

$$m = -\frac{4}{3} \quad b = 3$$

